

方药纵横

基于敦煌医方半夏汤
与古代医籍中同名方组方配伍相关性研究*

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摘要:探讨敦煌医方半夏汤与古代医籍中同名方组方配伍的相关性。按不同年代及医籍引用同名方剂重复计,古籍名不重复计,检索清以前古医籍中正异名半夏汤,仅西汉、周代、东晋、南北朝、北周、唐、宋、元、明、清10代共60部,涉及有关半夏汤169首。其中49部出现正名半夏汤145首,14部出现异名半夏汤24首。整理不同组方的半夏汤共125首涉及中药107味,药物分为16类,单味用药总次数886次。通过分析研究历代半夏汤的组成显示:①历代半夏汤的组方核心药为半夏、生姜、甘草、人参、肉桂、茯苓、陈皮、白术,为两个经典方四君子汤和二陈汤的药物组成。②《敦煌古医方》半夏汤由4味核心药物半夏、生姜、茯苓、陈皮加吴茱萸组成,均为频率大于1.0%的主干药。③敦煌医方中的半夏汤可能是《金匱要略》由半夏、生姜组成的异名半夏汤的加減方。

关键词:敦煌古医方;历代古医籍;半夏汤同名方;组方配伍;相关性研究

中图分类号: R289.3

文献标识码: A

文章编号: 2096-1340(2016)06-0136-04

DOI:10.13424/j.cnki.jsctcm.2016.06.046

Correlation study: Rhizoma Pinelliae Decoction based on Dunhuang's prescriptions and combinations of the same name in ancient medical books

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Abstract It discusses the pertinences of Ban Xia Decoction in Dunhuang's prescriptions and combinations of the same name in ancient medical books. Prescriptions of the same name in different eras and cited in medical count repeatedly. The name of ancient books don't count repeatedly. We searched the Rhizoma Pinelliae Decoction of official or variant name in 60 ancient medical books in the Western Han Dynasty, Zhou Dynasty, Eastern Jin Dynasty, Northern and Southern Dynasty, Northern Zhou Dynasty, Tang Dynasty, Song Dynasty, Yuan Dynasty, Ming Dynasty and Qing Dynasty that include 169 prescriptions about Ban Xia Decoction. 49 ancient medical books of 60 ancient medical books recorded 145 prescriptions of Ban Xia Decoction of the official name. 14 ancient medical books of 60 ancient medical books recorded 24 prescriptions of Ban Xia Decoction of variant name. It clears up 125 prescriptions of Ban Xia Decoction in different combinations which involves 107 kind of herbs divided into 4 categories. A kind of medicine used 886 times in these prescriptions. Through analyzing the combinations of Ban Xia Decoction of successive dynasties, there are 3 discoveries: first, the central herbs of Ban Xia Decoction of successive dynasties are Ban Xia, Ginger, Radix Glycyrrhizae, Ginseng,

* 基金项目: 甘肃省中医药管理局科研项目(GZK-2015-4); 甘肃省高校人文社科重点研究基地敦煌医学文献整理与应用研究中心开放基金项目(DHYX2014-02)

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