

明代新安医家吴琨《针方六集》 从气血角度运针用药的特色^{*}

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摘要:吴琨是明代著名的新安医家,著述甚丰。其《针方六集》一书运针用药重视气血的作用,特色鲜明,故试从审气保元、候气得气、祛除败血、气血有异、气血和调等多个角度,分析其运针用药特点,《针方六集》不论理论价值还是对于临床的指导意义都非同一般。

关键词:吴琨;针方六集;气血;针药;新安医家

中图分类号:R249.1 **文献标识码:**A **文章编号:**2096-1340(2020)01-0052-03

DOI:10.13424/j.cnki.jscetm.2021.01.008

Characteristics of Application of Acupuncture and Medication in *Zhen Fang Liu Ji* by WU Kun of Ming Dynasty from The Perspective of Qi and Blood

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Abstract: WU Kun was a TCM practitioner of Ming Dynasty, also a prolific author. He found out that WU's distinctive masterpiece *Zhen Fang Liu Ji* stressed the application of Qi and blood. Hence this paper analyzes its characteristics in manipulating needles and administering medicine in terms of observing Qi to protect Yuan Qi, awaiting Qi and gaining Qi, dispelling sepsis, differentiating Qi and blood as well as harmonizing Qi and blood, and finally proposes that this TCM masterpiece is of extraordinary significance both in theory and in clinical practice.

Keywords: WU Kun; *Zhen Fang Liu Ji*; Qi and blood; Acupuncture and medication; TCM practitioners of Xin'an

吴琨(1552-1620)字山甫,号鹤皋山人,人称“参黄子”,乃赞其能参透岐黄之奥秘^[1],安徽歙县人。代表著作有《医方考》《素问吴注》《针方六集》《脉语》^[2]。《针方六集》于1618年刊行于世,全书共包括神照集、开蒙集、尊经集、旁通集、纷署集、兼罗集6卷^[3]。笔者在学习过程中,发现吴氏在《针方六集》中从气血角度运针用药的特色鲜明,特不揣浅陋,分析如下。

1 审气保元

元气承受于先天,赖后天之精滋养,藏之于肾,可推动五脏六腑的运行,于人体相当重要。吴氏对元气元神也很重视,具体表现在三个方面。第一,《针方六集·开蒙集》指出:“寒热风阴,天气之乖和也;饥饱醉劳,人气之乖和也。如是者皆不宜刺。”其认为人与自然相互统一,逢寒热风阴,自然之气乖戾,平日饥饱醉劳,则人体气机逆乱,这

* 基金项目:安徽中医药大学2020年创业项目基金(202006170308)

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